



## UNITED STATED DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.

09/526,298

APPLICATION NO.

03/15/00

FILING DATE

EVANS

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P41-9321

**EXAMINER** 

HM22/1020

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MUGARRY, S

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

ana

1635

DATE MAILED:

10/20/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 



Evans et al

## Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/526,298

Sean McGarry

Examiner

Group Art Unit 1635

Responsive to communication(s) filed on	
☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> ,	pt for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
	set to expire <u>three</u> month(s), or thirty days, whichever ilure to respond within the period for response will cause the tensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of
Disposition of Claims	
	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s) 49-53	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
	is/are rejected.
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers	
☒ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Draftsperson is Patent Draftsperson.	awing Review, PTO-948.
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are of	bjected to by the Examiner.
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	er.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign price	ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copi	es of the priority documents have been
received.	
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial	Number)
$\square$ received in this national stage application from	the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
*Certified copies not received:	
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic p	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
X Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	
☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Pape	er No(s)2
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	0.049
☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	U-946
Notice of informal Fatent Application, FTO-192	
SEE OFFICE ACTION (	ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restriction

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 14-19 and 35-48, drawn to methods of modulating and inducing gene expression a subject, classified in class 514, subclass 44.
  - II. Claim 49, drawn to a method of distinguishing the physiological effect of a hormone receptor, classified in class 435, subclass 4.
  - III. Claims 50-52, drawn to a method of rendering a mammalian hormone receptor uniquely responsive to a ligand not endogenous to the mammal of the receptor, classified in class 435, subclass 4.
  - IV. Claim 53, drawn to a method to determine the ligands tom which orphan receptors respond, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: Inventions I-IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are mutually exclusive methods that contain different methods steps where these methods steps use materially different compounds and where the method steps lead to different results.

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3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a

separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination

purposes as indicated is proper.

4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a

separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for

examination purposes as indicated is proper.

5. During a telephone conversation with Stephen Reiter on 10/04/00 a provisional election

was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 14-19 and 35-48.

Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims

49-53 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being

drawn to a non-elected invention.

6. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently

named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any

amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the

fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(I).

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7. Claims 14-19 and 35-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a methods drawn to the induction or repression of a specific gene by a member of the steroid/thyroid superfamily of receptors which associates with at least the dimerization domain of ultraspiracle receptor, in the presence of ligand for said member, where the expression of said gene is maintained under the control of a hormone response element to which said member binds where the method comprises exposing the expression system to at least the dimerization domain of an ultraspiracle receptor where the method is in vitro or in cells in culture, the specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims drawn to nucleic acid based therapy.

Claims 14-19 and 35-48 are drawn to nucleic acid based therapies.

The instant claims are drawn to nucleic acid therapy and involve methods of introducing and expressing exogenous genes and nucleic acid sequences in specific cells in a whole animal. For example, the claims require the integration of a gene coding for an ultraspiracle receptor and/or the introduction of a construct containing the hormone response sequence where said construct would further comprise a desired exogenous gene to be regulated by the ultraspiracle receptor (see pages 10, 21, and 22 of the instant specification, for example).

The art of gene therapy is an unpredictable art that requires much guidance. The instant specification provide guidance for the instant methods in cells in culture but does not provide guidance or example that would show by correlation the instant methods as the are drawn to

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nucleic acid based therapies. For example the instant specification fails to teach one of skill in the art how to integrate the gene construct for the exogenous ultraspiracle receptor to specific desired cells such that expression would be at a level adequate for inducing the expression of a gene under the appropriate hormone repone element. The targeting of specific cells would be required, for example in cases where as applicant contemplates and claims, a method of selectively killing cells and for directing expression of a desired gene in a specific cell type or tissue type. The instant specification fails to provide adequate guidance for one of skill in the art to create a "pre-existing system in an animal" and apply the instant methods. The establishment of such a system requires the introduction of an exogenous nucleic acid construct into cells of an animal and also to provide at least the dimerization domain of an ultraspiracle receptor where the exposure is disclosed in the specification to embrace exposing these cell at least the dimerization domain of an ultraspiracle receptor per se and also a DNA that encodes at least the dimerization domain of an ultraspiracle receptor.

The instant specification provides only skant and general guidance for introduction of genes to a whole animal and provide no specific guidance. Nucleic acid based therapy is an unpredictable art and one of skill in the art is in need of specific guidance for any specific gene therapy. The art has shown that there are no routine methods and has further shown that one cannot expect positive results using methods known today yet at the time of the instant invention. Ronald Crystal states [Science Vol. 270:404-410, 1995] at page 409 "[a]ll of the human transfer studies have been plagued by inconsistent results, the bases of which are unknown." Crystal

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reviews the state of the art of gene therapy and discusses the obstacles that still remain to effect nucleic acid based therapies and discusses the potential of nucleic acid based therapies. Verma et al [Nature Vol. 389:239-242, 1997] discusses the problems of gene therapy artisan face even today. It is stated "[a]lthough more than 200 clinical trials are currently underway worldwide, with hundreds of patients enrolled, there is still no single outcome that we can point to as a success story." and further "[t]he choice of tissue in which to express the therapeutic protein will ultimately depend on considerations such as the efficiency of gene delivery, protein modifications, immunological status, accessibility and economics." and also"[t]he Achilles heel of gene therapy is gene delivery, and this is the aspect . . ." It is clear, that although gene therapy provides promise for the treatment of disease and applicants invention to would be promising in a gene therapy, there are general obstacles faced by the artisan in the practice of gene therapy where the instant specification fails to provide adequate guidance to overcome these obstacles to practice the instant invention. This position is further taken in view of the disclosure of Orkin et al where it is also discussed the many problems of gene therapy that need to be overcome (see numbered pages 1, 3-14 and 30-35). It is clear from the art that the art of gene therapy is unpredictable and the state of the art at the time of invention would require specific guidance for any particular gene therapy where no routine methods are known. One of skill in the art would need to overcome the basic problems addressed in the art to practice the instant invention as it relates to gene therapy.

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8. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing

to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the

invention.

Claim 17 recites "exogenous genes" on line 2. There is no antecedent basis for the plural

"genes" in the context of the claim.

Claim 17 also recites "wild type genes" and therapeutic genes". The meaning of these

terms is not clear. At page 17 of the specification it is asserted that a human insulin gene is

considered to be a wild type gene in a skin fibroblast cell because even though it is not expressed

at a biologically significant level they do contain the genetic material encoding human insulin.

Therapeutic genes are defined as those that are not normally found in a host cell. It is then stated

that a human insulin gene would be considered a therapeutic gene in human skin fibroblast cells.

With the definition and examples given, one in the art would be incapable of determining what are

therapeutic genes and what are wild type genes in the context of the instant claim.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Sean McGarry whose telephone number is (703) 305-7028.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

George Elliott, can be reached on (703) 308-4003.

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Certain papers related to this application may be submitted to Art Unit 1635 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Art Unit 1635 via the PTO Technology Center Fax

Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993) and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (see C.F.R. 1.6(d)). The Art Unit 1635 FAX number is (703) 308-4242 or (703) 305-3014. NOTE: If Applicant does submit a paper by Fax, the original signed copy should be retained by applicant or applicant's representative. NO DUPLICATE COPIES SHOULD BE SUBMITTED so as to avoid the processing of duplicate papers in the Office.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

October 10, 2000

Technology Center 1600

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